

STEREO AUDIO CODEC WITH USB INTERFACE, SINGLE-ENDED ANALOG INPUT/OUTPUT AND S/PDIF

FEATURES

PCM2900: Without S/PDIF

PCM2902: With S/PDIF

On-Chip USB Interface:

- With Full-Speed Transceivers

 Fully Compliant With USB 1.1 Specification

- Certified by USB-IF

Partially Programmable Descriptors⁽¹⁾

- USB Adaptive Mode for Playback

- USB Asynchronous Mode for Record

- Bus Powered

16-Bit Delta Sigma ADC and DAC

Sampling Rate:

- DAC: 32, 44.1, 48 kHz

- ADC: 8, 11.025, 16, 22.05, 32, 44.1, 48 kHz

On-Chip Clock Generator:

With Single 12-MHz Clock Source

Single Power Supply: 5 V TYP (V_{BUS})

Stereo ADC

Analog Performance at V_{BUS} = 5 V

- THD+N = 0.01%

- SNR = 89 dB

Dynamic Range = 89 dB

Decimation Digital Filter

- Pass-Band Ripple = ± 0.05 dB

Stop-Band Attenuation = -65 dB

Single-Ended Voltage Input

- Antialiasing Filter Included

- Digital LCF Included

Stereo DAC

Analog Performance at V_{BUS} = 5 V

- THD+N = 0.005%

SNR = 96 dB

- Dynamic Range = 93 dB

Oversampling Digital Filter

- Pass-Band Ripple = ± 0.1 dB

Stop-Band Attenuation = -43 dB

- Single-Ended Voltage Output

- Analog LPF Included

• Multifunctions:

- Human Interface Device (HID) Volume \pm Control and Mute Control

- Suspend Flag

Package: 28-Pin SSOP

APPLICATIONS

USB Audio Speaker

USB Headset

USB Monitor

USB Audio Interface Box

DESCRIPTION

The PCM2900/2902 is Texas Instruments single-chip USB stereo audio codec with USB-compliant full-speed protocol controller and S/PDIF (only PCM2902). The USB protocol controller works with no software code, but the USB descriptors can be modified in some areas (e.g., vendor ID/product ID). The PCM2900/2902 employs SpAct™ architecture, TI's unique system that recovers the audio clock from USB packet data. On-chip analog PLLs with SpAct enable playback and record with low clock jitter and with independent playback and record sampling rates.



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

(1)The descriptor can be modified by changing a mask.

SpAct is a trademark of Texas Instruments, Incorporated.

Apple. Mac, and Mac OS are trademarks of Apple Computer, Inc.

Intel is a trademark of Intel Corporation.

Microsoft, Windows, Windows Me, and Windows XP are trademarks of Microsoft Corporation.

Other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.







This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

PACKAGING ORDERING INFORMATION

	PCM2900								
PRODUCT PACKAGE_LEAD		PACKAGE DESIGNATOR	SPECIFIED TEMPERATURE RANGE	PACKAGE MARKING	ORDERING NUMBER ⁽¹⁾	TRANSPORT MEDIA			
DOMOGOE	0000 00	0000	0500 1- 0500	DOMAGGGG	PCM2900E	Rails			
PCM2900E	SSOP-28	28DB	–25°C to 85°C	PCM2900E	PCM2900E/2K	Tape and reel			

⁽¹⁾ Models with a slash (/) are available only in tape and reel in the quantities indicated (e.g., /2K indicates 2000 devices per reel). Ordering 2000 pieces of PCM2900E/2K gets a single 2000-piece tape and reel.

	PCM2902								
PRODUCT	PRODUCT PACKAGE-LEAD		SPECIFIED TEMPERATURE RANGE	PACKAGE MARKING	ORDERING NUMBER ⁽¹⁾	TRANSPORT MEDIA			
DOMOGOSE	CCOD 00	2000	050C +- 050C	DCMARRO	PCM2902E	Rails			
PCM2902E	SSOP-28	28DB	−25°C to 85°C	PCM2902E	PCM2902E/2K	Tape and reel			

⁽¹⁾ Models with a slash (/) are available only in tape and reel in the quantities indicated (e.g., /2K indicates 2000 devices per reel). Ordering 2000 pieces of PCM2902E/2K gets a single 2000-piece tape and reel.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

over operating free-air temperature range unless otherwise noted(1)

		PCM2900/PCM2902	UNIT
Supply voltage, VBUS	3	-0.3 to 6.5	V
Ground voltage differe	ences, AGNDC, AGNDP, AGNDX, DGND, DGNDU	±0.1	V
SEL0, SEL1, TEST0 (DIN) ⁽²⁾		-0.3 to 6.5	V
Digital input voltage	D+, D-, HID0, HID1, HID2, XTI, XTO, TEST1 (DOUT)(2), SSPND	-0.3 to (V _{DDI} + 0.3) < 4	V
Analog input voltage	V _{IN} L, V _{IN} R, V _{COM} , V _{OUT} R, V _{OUT} L	-0.3 to (V _{CCCI} + 0.3)	V
	VCCCI, VCCP1I, VCCP2I, VCCXI, VDDI	-0.3 to 4	V
Input current (any pine	s except supplies)	±10	mA
Ambient temperature	under bias	-40 to 125	°C
Storage temperature,	T_{stg}	-55 to 150	°C
Junction temperature T _J		150	°C
Lead temperature (soldering)		260	°C, 5 s
Package temperature (IR reflow, peak)		250	°C

⁽¹⁾ Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

(2) (): PCM2902



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

all specifications at $T_A = 25$ °C, $V_{BUS} = 5$ V, $f_S = 44.1$ kHz, $f_{IN} = 1$ kHz, 16-bit data, unless otherwise noted

	DADAMETER			PCM2900E, PCM2902E				
	PARAMET	ΓER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
Digita	Input/Output			•				
	Host interface		Apply USB Revision 1.1, full speed					
	Audio data format		USB isochronous data format					
Input I	Logic			•				
		D+, D-		2		3.3		
V/	High Javalian Avaltage	XTI, HID0, HID1, and HID2		2.52		3.3		
VIH	High-level input voltage	SEL0, SEL1		2		5.25	VDC	
		DIN, PCM2902		2.52		5.25		
		D+, D-				0.8		
		XTI, HID0, HID1, and HID2				0.9	\/D0	
V_{IL}	Low-level input voltage	SEL0, SEL1				0.8	VDC	
		DIN, PCM2902				0.9		
		D+, D-, XTI, SEL0, SEL1	V _{IN} = 3.3 V			±10		
lін	High-level input current	HID0, HID1, and HID2	V _{IN} = 3.3 V		50	80	μА	
		DIN, PCM2902	V _{IN} = 3.3 V		65	100	'	
		D+, D-, XTI, SEL0, SEL1	V _{IN} = 0 V			±10		
IIL	Low-level input current	HID0, HID1, and HID2	V _{IN} = 0 V			±10	μА	
-	·	DIN, PCM2902	V _{IN} = 0 V			±10	'	
Outpu	t Logic	<u>'</u>	·	•				
		D+, D-		2.8				
Vон	High-level output voltage	DOUT, PCM2902	I _{OH} = -4 mA	2.8			VDC	
		SSPND	I _{OH} = -2 mA	2.8				
		D+, D-		İ		0.3		
VOL	Low-level output voltage	DOUT, PCM2902	I _{OL} = 4 mA		0.5 V		VDC	
-		SSPND	I _{OL} = 2 mA			0.5		
Clock	Frequency	•	•	•			1	
	Input clock frequency, XTI			11.994	12	12.006	MHz	
ADC C	Characteristics			•				
	Resolution				8, 16		bits	
	Audio data channel				1, 2		channel	



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

all specifications at $T_A = 25$ °C, $V_{BUS} = 5$ V, $f_S = 44.1$ kHz, $f_{IN} = 1$ kHz, 16-bit data, unless otherwise noted

			PCM2900E, PC	PCM2900E, PCM2902E			
	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN TY	P MAX	UNIT		
Clock Fr	requency	·			•		
fg	Sampling frequency		8, 11.025, 16, 22.05	5, 32, 44.1, 48	kHz		
DC Accu	uracy		•				
	Gain mismatch channel-to-channel		±	1 ±5	% of FSR		
	Gain error		±	2 ±10	% of FSR		
	Bipolar zero error		±)	% of FSR		
Dynamic	c Performance ⁽¹⁾		•				
		$V_{CCCI} = 3.67 \text{ V}, V_{IN} = -0.5 \text{ dB}(2)$	0.019	6 0.02%			
THD+N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise	$V_{IN} = -0.5 \text{ dB}(3)$	0.19	6			
		$V_{IN} = -60 \text{ dB}$	5%	, 0			
	Dynamic range	A-weighted	81 8	9	dB		
SNR	Signal-to-noise ratio	A-weighted	81 8	9	dB		
	Channel separation		80 8	5	dB		
Analog I	Input				l		
	Input voltage		0.		V		
	input voltage		Vccc	I	V _{p-p}		
	Center voltage		0.		V		
			Vccc	l	V		
	Input impedance		3)	kΩ		
	Antialiasing filter frequency response	−3 dB	15)	kHz		
	Articulasing litter frequency response	$f_{IN} = 20 \text{ kHz}$	-0.0	8	dB		
Digital F	ilter Performance						
	Pass band			0.454 fg	Hz		
	Stop band		0.583 f _S		Hz		
	Pass-band ripple			±0.05	dB		
	Stop-band attenuation		-65		dB		
t _d	Delay time		17.4/f	3	S		
	LCF frequency response	-3 dB	0.078 f	3	MHz		
DAC Ch	aracteristics						
	Resolution		8, 1	6	bits		
	Audio data channel		1, :	2	channel		
Clock Fr	requency		•				
fg	Sampling frequency		32, 44.1,	48	kHz		

⁽¹⁾ f_{IN} = 1 kHz, using Audio Precision System II, RMS mode with 20-kHz LPF, 400-Hz HPF in calculation.

⁽²⁾ Using external voltage regulator for V_{CCCI} (as shown in Figure 36 and Figure 37, using with REG103xA-A)

⁽³⁾ Using internal voltage regulator for $V_{\mbox{CCCI}}$ (as shown in Figure 38 and Figure 39)



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

all specifications at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, $V_{BUS} = 5$ V, $f_S = 44.1$ kHz, $f_{IN} = 1$ kHz, 16-bit data, unless otherwise noted

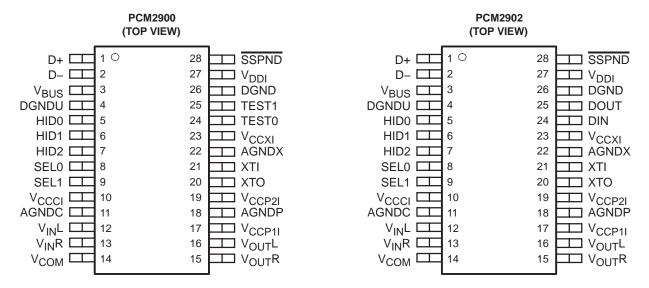
			TEGT COMPITIONS		2900E, PCI	M2902E	
	PARAMETE	ER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
DC Accu	uracy						•
	Gain mismatch channel-to-cha	nnel			±1	±5	%of FSR
	Gain error				±2	±10	% of FSR
	Bipolar zero error				±2		% of FSR
Dynamic	c Performance ⁽¹⁾		·				
THD+N	Total harmonia distortian plus n	oioo	$V_{OUT} = 0 dB$		0.005%	0.016%	
I HD+N	Total harmonic distortion plus n	oise	V _{OUT} = −60 dB		3%		
	Dynamic range		EIAJ, A-weighted	87	93		dB
SNR	Signal-to-noise ratio		EIAJ, A-weighted	90	96		dB
	Channel separation			86	92		dB
Analog (Output		•				
Vo	Output voltage				0.6		V _{p-p}
VO	- Calput Vollage				VCCCI		√p–p
	Center voltage				0.5		V
				- 10	VCCCI		
	Load impedance		AC coupling	10			kΩ
	LPF frequency response		-3 dB		250		kHz
			f = 20 kHz		-0.03		dB
	Digital filter performance					0.4457	
	Pass band					0.445 f _S	Hz
	Stop band			0.555			Hz
	Pass-band ripple			fg		±0.1	dB
	Stop-band attenuation			-43		±0.1	dB
+ .	Delay time			-43	14.3 fs		-
t _d	Supply Requirements				14.5 15		S
				4.35	5	5.25	VDC
V _{BUS}	Voltage range		ADC, DAC operation	4.33	56	67	mA
	Supply current		Suspend mode(2)		210	07	μА
			ADC, DAC operation		280	352	mW
P_{D}	Power dissipation		Suspend mode(2)		1.05	332	mW
		\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	Suspend mode(2)		1.05		TTIVV
	Internal power supply voltage	VCCCI, VCCP1I, VCCP2I, VCCXI, and VDDI		3.25	3.35	3.5	VDC
Tempera	ature Range						
	Operation temperature			-25		85	°C
θJA	Thermal resistance		28-pin SSOP		100		°C/W

⁽¹⁾ $f_{OUT} = 1$ kHz, using Audio Precision System II, RMS mode with 20-kHz LPF, 400-Hz HPF.

⁽²⁾ Under USB suspend state



PIN ASSIGNMENTS





PCM2900 Terminal Functions

TERMINA	L				
NAME	NO.	1/0	DESCRIPTION		
SSPND	28	0	Suspend flag, active low (Low: suspend, High: operational)		
AGNDC	11	_	nalog ground for codec		
AGNDP	18	_	Analog ground for PLL		
AGNDX	22	-	Analog ground for oscillator		
D-	2	I/O	USB differential input/output minus(1)		
D+	1	I/O	USB differential input/output plus(1)		
DGND	26	-	Digital ground		
DGNDU	4	-	Digital ground for USB transceiver		
HID0	5	I	HID key state input (mute), active high(3)		
HID1	6	I	HID key state input (volume up), active high ⁽³⁾		
HID2	7	I	HID key state input (volume down), active high(3)		
SEL0	8	I	Must be set to high(5)		
SEL1	9	1	Must be set to high(5)		
TEST0	24	I	Test pin, must be connected to GND		
TEST1	25	0	Test pin, must be left open		
V _{BUS}	3	_	Connect to USB power (VBUS)		
VCCCI	10	_	Internal analog power supply for codec ⁽⁴⁾		
VCCP1I	17	_	Internal analog power supply for PLL ⁽⁴⁾		
VCCP2I	19	_	Internal analog power supply for PLL ⁽⁴⁾		
VCCXI	23	_	Internal analog power supply for oscillator ⁽⁴⁾		
V _C OM	14	_	Common for ADC/DAC (V _{CCCI} /2) (4)		
V _{DDI}	27	-	Internal digital power supply ⁽⁴⁾		
V _{IN} L	12	I	ADC analog input for L-channel		
V _{IN} R	13	I	ADC analog input for R-channel		
VouTL	16	0	DAC analog output for L-channel		
V _{OUT} R	15	0	DAC analog output for R-channel		
XTI	21	I	Crystal oscillator input ⁽²⁾		
XTO	20	0	Crystal oscillator output		

⁽¹⁾ LV-TTL level

^{(2) 3.3-}V CMOS level input

^{(3) 3.3-}V CMOS level input with internal pulldown. This pin informs the PC of serviceable control signals such as mute, volume up, or volume down, which has no connection with the internal DAC or ADC directly. See the *Interface* #3 and *End-Points* sections.

⁽⁴⁾ Connect a decouple capacitor to GND

⁽⁵⁾ TTL Schmitt trigger, 5 V tolerant



PCM2902 Terminal Functions

TERMINA	TERMINAL					
NAME	PIN	1/0	DESCRIPTIONS			
SSPND	28	0	Suspend flag, active low (Low: suspend, High: operational)			
AGNDC	11	_	nalog ground for codec			
AGNDP	18	_	nalog ground for PLL			
AGNDX	22	-	Analog ground for oscillator			
D-	2	I/O	USB differential input/output minus(1)			
D+	1	I/O	USB differential input/output plus(1)			
DGND	26	-	Digital ground			
DGNDU	4	-	Digital ground for USB transceiver			
DIN	24	-1	S/PDIF input(5)			
DOUT	25	0	S/PDIF output			
HID0	5	I	HID key state input (mute), active high(3)			
HID1	6	I	HID key state input (volume up), active high(3)			
HID2	7	I	HID key state input (volume down), active high(3)			
SEL0	8	I	Must be set to high(6)			
SEL1	9	I	Must be set to high(6)			
V _{BUS}	3	_	Connect to USB power (VBUS)			
VCCCI	10	-	Internal analog power supply for codec ⁽⁴⁾			
VCCP1I	17	_	Internal analog power supply for PLL ⁽⁴⁾			
VCCP2I	19	-	Internal analog power supply for PLL ⁽⁴⁾			
VCCXI	23	_	Internal analog power supply for oscillator ⁽⁴⁾			
VCOM	14	_	Common for ADC/DAC (V _{CCCI} /2) ⁽⁴⁾			
V _{DDI}	27	-	Internal digital power supply(4)			
V _{IN} L	12	I	ADC analog input for L-channel			
V _{IN} R	13	I	ADC analog input for R-channel			
VoutL	16	0	DAC analog output for L-channel			
V _{OUT} R	15	0	DAC analog output for R-channel			
XTI	21	I	Crystal oscillator input ⁽²⁾			
XTO	20	0	Crystal oscillator output			

⁽¹⁾ LV-TTL level

^{(2) 3.3-}V CMOS level input

^{(3) 3.3-}V CMOS level input with internal pulldown. This pin informs the PC of serviceable control signals such as mute, volume up, or volume down, which has no connection with the internal DAC or ADC directly. See the *Interface* #3 and *End-Points* sections.

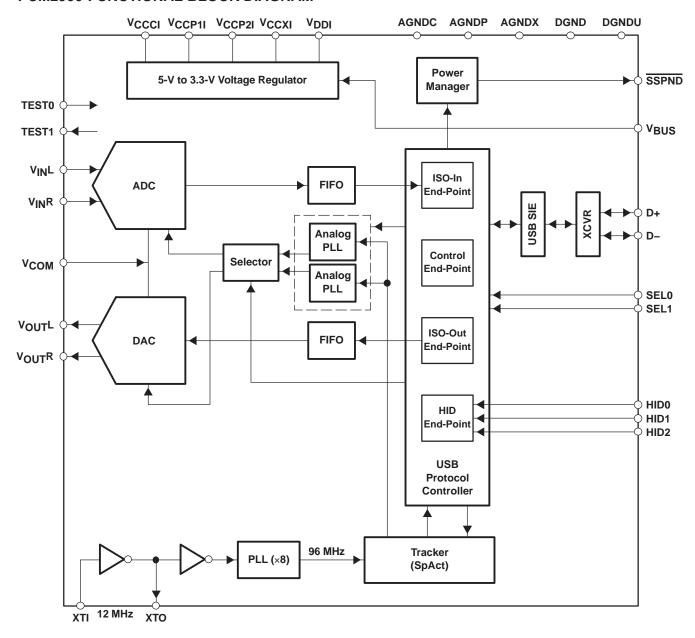
⁽⁴⁾ Connect a decouple capacitor to GND

^{(5) 3.3-}V CMOS level input with internal pulldown, 5 V tolerant

⁽⁶⁾ TTL Schmitt trigger, 5 V tolerant

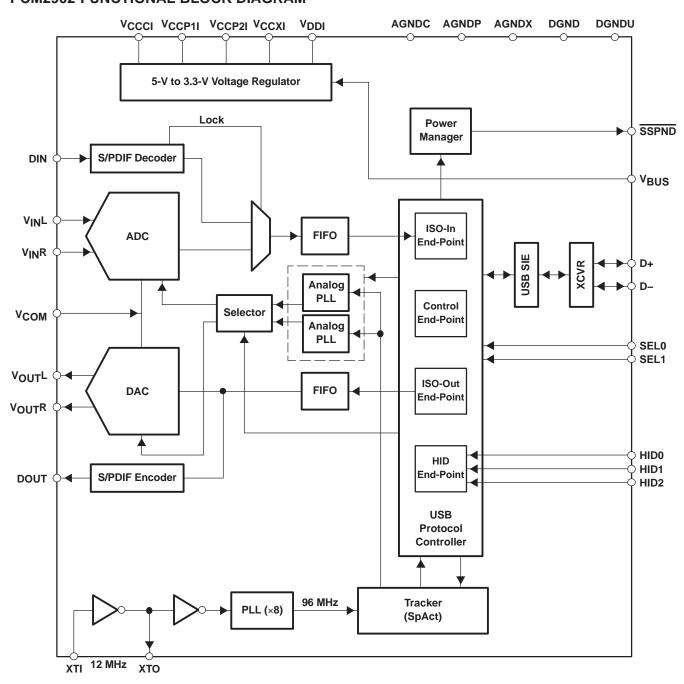


PCM2900 FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM



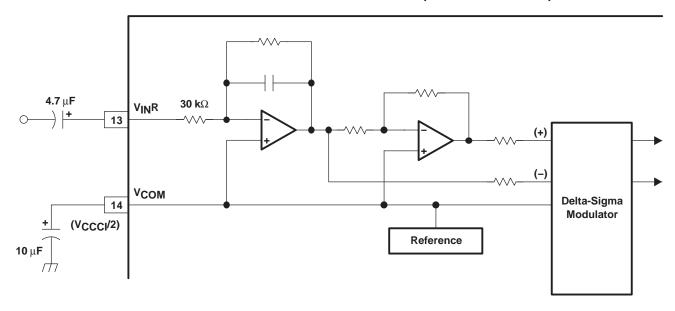


PCM2902 FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM





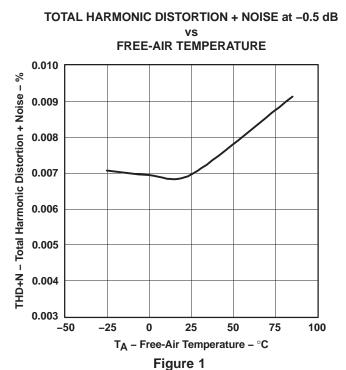
PCM2900/2902 BLOCK DIAGRAM OF ANALOG FRONT-END (RIGHT CHANNEL)

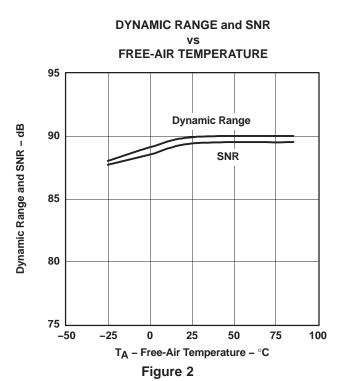




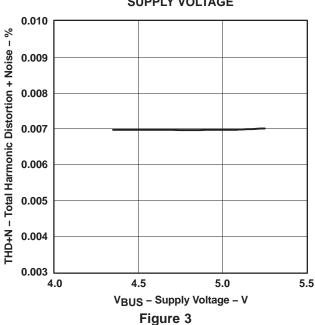
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

ADC

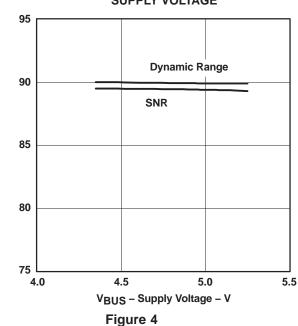




TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION + NOISE at -0.5 dB vs SUPPLY VOLTAGE





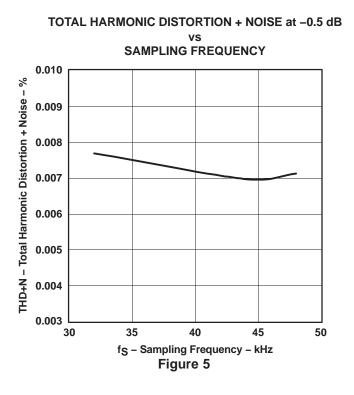


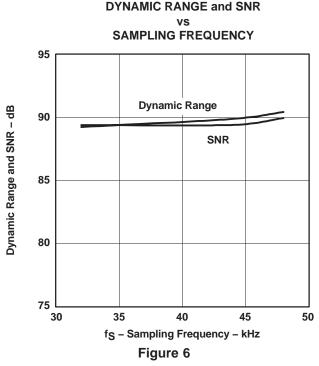
All specifications at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, $V_{BUS} = 5$ V, $f_S = 44.1$ kHz, $f_{in} = 1$ kHz, 16-bit data, using REG 103xA-A, unless otherwise noted.

Dynamic Range and SNR - dB

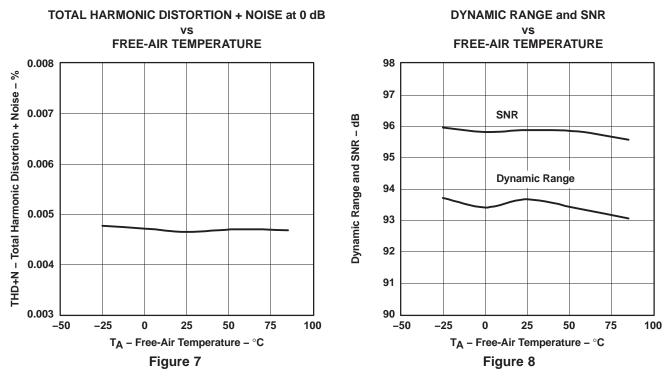


ADC (CONTINUED)





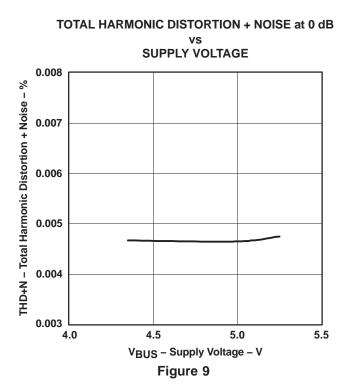
DAC

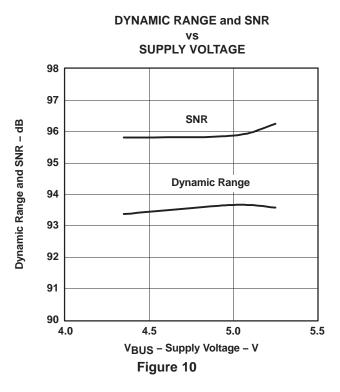


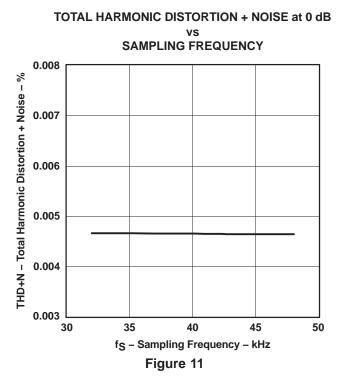
All specifications at T_A = 25°C, V_{BUS} = 5 V, f_S = 44.1 kHz, f_{In} = 1 kHz, 16-bit data, using REG 103xA-A, unless otherwise noted.

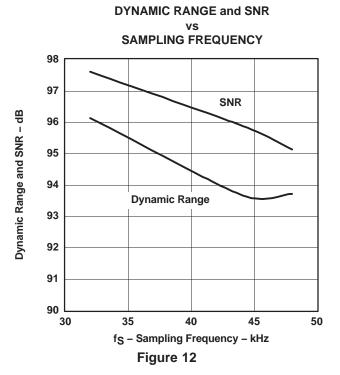


DAC (CONTINUED)









All specifications at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, $V_{BUS} = 5$ V, $f_S = 44.1$ kHz, $f_{in} = 1$ kHz, 16-bit data, using REG 103xA-A, unless otherwise noted.



SUPPLY CURRENT

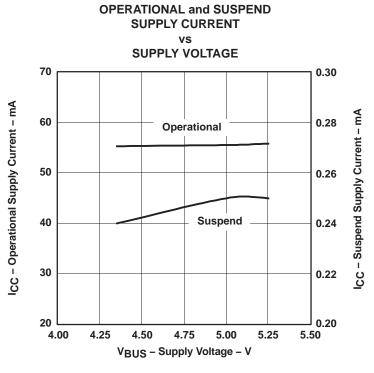
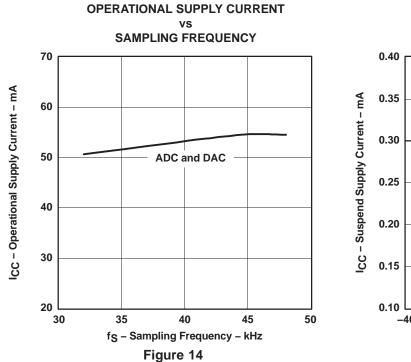
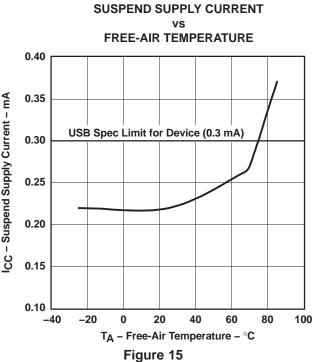


Figure 13

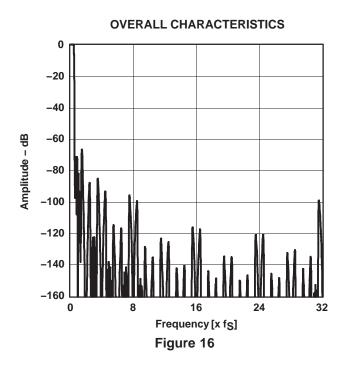


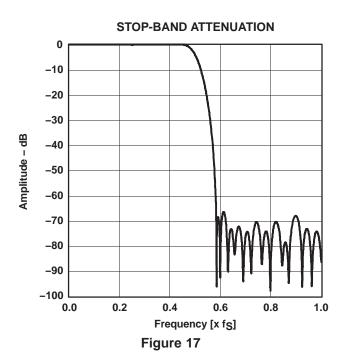


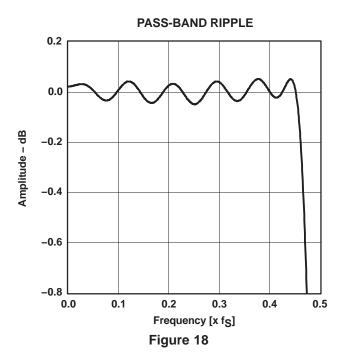
All specifications at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, $V_{BUS} = 5$ V, $f_S = 44.1$ kHz, $f_{in} = 1$ kHz, 16-bit data, using REG 103xA-A, unless otherwise noted.

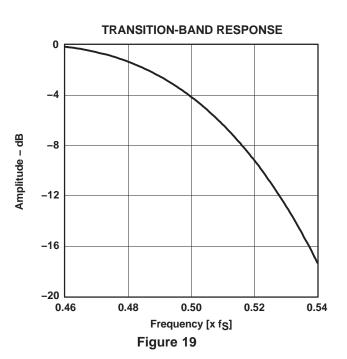


ADC DIGITAL DECIMATION FILTER FREQUENCY RESPONSE





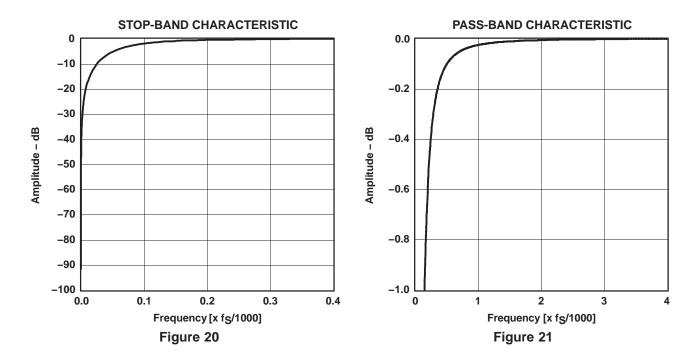




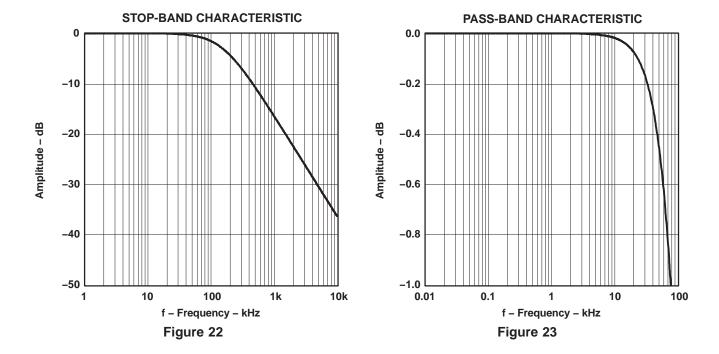
All specifications at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, $V_{BUS} = 5$ V, $f_S = 44.1$ kHz, $f_{in} = 1$ kHz, 16-bit data, unless otherwise noted.



ADC DIGITAL HIGH-PASS FILTER FREQUENCY RESPONSE



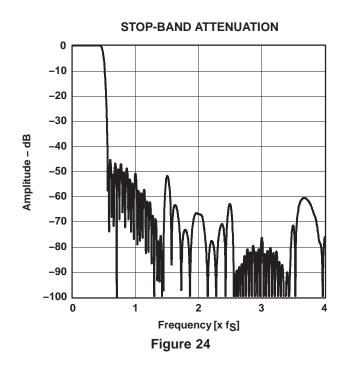
ADC ANALOG ANTIALIASING FILTER FREQUENCY RESPONSE

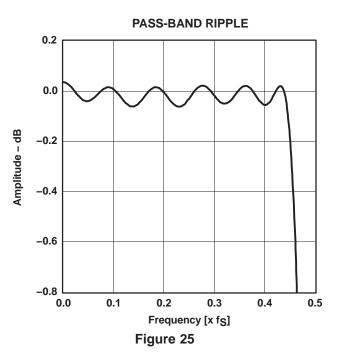


All specifications at $T_A = 25$ °C, $V_{BUS} = 5$ V, $f_S = 44.1$ kHz, $f_{in} = 1$ kHz, 16-bit data, unless otherwise noted.



DAC DIGITAL INTERPOLATION FILTER FREQUENCY RESPONSE





TRANSITION-BAND RESPONSE

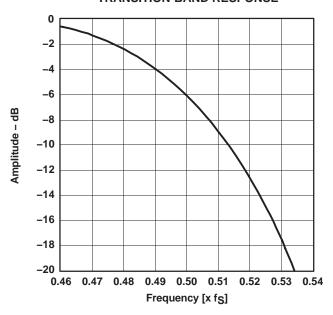
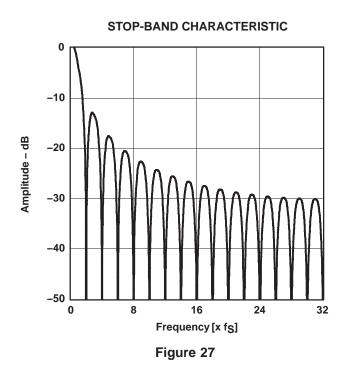


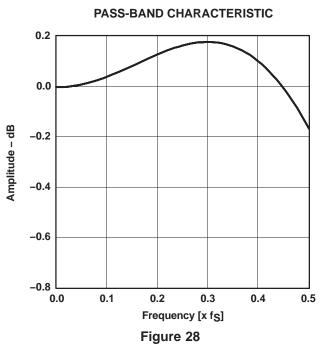
Figure 26

All specifications at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, $V_{BUS} = 5$ V, $f_S = 44.1$ kHz, $f_{in} = 1$ kHz, 16-bit data, unless otherwise noted.

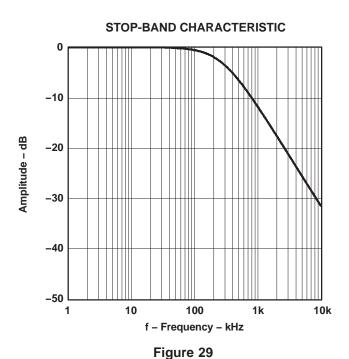


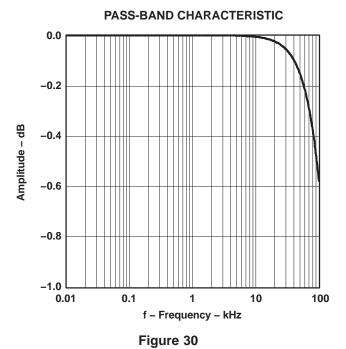
DAC ANALOG FIR FILTER FREQUENCY RESPONSE





DAC ANALOG LOW-PASS FILTER FREQUENCY RESPONSE





All specifications at $T_A = 25$ °C, $V_{BUS} = 5$ V, $f_S = 44.1$ kHz, $f_{in} = 1$ kHz, 16-bit data, unless otherwise noted.



USB INTERFACE

Control data and audio data are transferred to the PCM2900/2902 via D+ (pin 1) and D- (pin 2). All data to/from the PCM2900/2902 is transferred at full speed. The device descriptor contains the information described in Table 1. The device descriptor can be modified on request; contact a Texas Instruments representative for details.

Table 1. Device Descriptor

USB revision	1.1 compliant
Device class	0x00 (device defined interface level)
Device sub class	0x00 (not specified)
Device protocol	0x00 (not specified)
Max packet size for end-point 0	8 byte
Vendor ID	0x08BB (default value, can be modified)
Product ID	0x2900 / 0x2902 (default value, can be modified)
Device release number	1.0 (0x0100)
Number of configurations	1
Vendor strings	String #1 (see Table 3)
Product strings	String #2 (see Table 3)
Serial number	Not supported

The configuration descriptor contains the information described in Table 2. The configuration descriptor can be modified on request; contact a Texas Instruments representative for details.

Table 2. Configuration Descriptor

Interface	Four interfaces
Power attribute	0x80 (Bus powered, no remote wakeup)
Max power	0x32 (100 mA. Default value, can be modified)

The string descriptor contains the information described in Table 3. The string descriptor can be modified on request; contact a Texas Instruments representative for details.

Table 3. String Descriptor

#0	0x0409
#1	Burr-Brown from TI (default value, can be modified)
#2	USB audio codec (default value, can be modified)

DEVICE CONFIGURATION

Figure 31 illustrates the USB audio function topology. The PCM2900/2902 has four interfaces. Each interface is constructed by alternative settings.



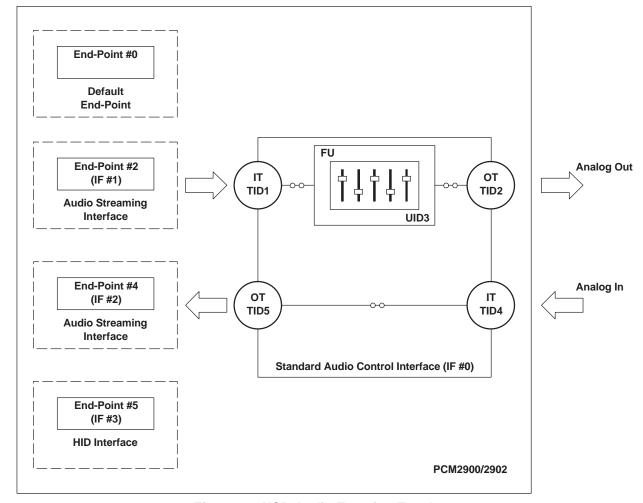


Figure 31. USB Audio Function Topology

Interface #0

Interface #0 is defined as the control interface. Alternative setting #0 is the only possible setting for interface #0. Alternative setting #0 describes the standard audio control interface. A terminal constructs the audio control interface. The PCM2900/2902 has five terminals as follows:

- Input terminal (IT #1) for isochronous-out stream
- Output terminal (OT #2) for audio analog output
- Feature unit (FU #3) for DAC digital attenuator
- Input terminal (IT #4) for audio analog input
- Output terminal (OT #5) for isochronous-in stream

Input terminal #1 is defined as USB stream (terminal type 0x0101). Input terminal #1 can accept 2-channel audio streams constructed by left and right channels. Output terminal #2 is defined as a speaker (terminal type 0x0301). Input terminal #4 is defined as a microphone (terminal type 0x0201). Output terminal #5 is defined as a USB stream (terminal type 0x0101). Output terminal #5 can generate 2-channel audio streams constructed by left and right channels. Feature unit #3 supports the following sound control features.

- Volume control
- Mute control

The built-in digital volume controller can be manipulated by an audio class specific request from 0 dB to –64 dB in 1-dB steps. Changes are made by incrementing or decrementing by one step (1 dB) for every 1/f_S time interval until the volume level has reached the requested value. Each channel can be set for different values. The master



volume control is not supported. A request to the master volume is stalled and ignored. The built-in digital mute controller can be manipulated by audio class specific request. A master mute control request is acceptable. A request to an individual channel is stalled and ignored.

Interface #1

Interface #1 is the audio streaming data-out interface. Interface #1 has the following seven alternative settings. Alternative setting #0 is the zero bandwidth setting. All other alternative settings are operational settings.

ALTERNATIVE SETTING	DATA FORMAT			TRANSFER MODE	SAMPLING RATE (kHz)	
00		Zero Bandwidth				
01	16 bit	Stereo	2s complement (PCM)	Adaptive	32, 44.1, 48	
02	16 bit	Mono	2s complement (PCM)	Adaptive	32, 44.1, 48	
03	8 bit	Stereo	2s complement (PCM)	Adaptive	32, 44.1, 48	
04	8 bit	Mono	2s complement (PCM)	Adaptive	32, 44.1, 48	
05	8 bit	Stereo	Offset binary (PCM8)	Adaptive	32, 44.1, 48	
06	8 bit	Mono	Offset binary (PCM8)	Adaptive	32, 44.1, 48	

Interface #2

Interface #2 is the audio streaming data-in the interface. Interface #2 has the following 19 alternative settings. Alternative setting #0 is the zero bandwidth setting. All other alternative settings are operational settings.

ALTERNATIVE SETTING		DATA FOR	TRANSFER MODE	SAMPLING RATE (kHz)			
00	Zero Bandwidth						
01	16 bit	Stereo	2s complement (PCM)	Asynchronous	48		
02	16 bit	Mono	2s complement (PCM)	Asynchronous	48		
03	16 bit	Stereo	2s complement (PCM)	Asynchronous	44.1		
04	16 bit	Mono	2s complement (PCM)	Asynchronous	44.1		
05	16 bit	Stereo	2s complement (PCM)	Asynchronous	32		
06	16 bit	Mono	2s complement (PCM)	Asynchronous	32		
07	16 bit	Stereo	2s complement (PCM)	Asynchronous	22.05		
08	16 bit	Mono	2s complement (PCM)	Asynchronous	22.05		
09	16 bit	Stereo	2s complement (PCM)	Asynchronous	16		
0A	16 bit	Mono	2s complement (PCM)	Asynchronous	16		
0B	8 bit	Stereo	2s complement (PCM)	Asynchronous	16		
0C	8 bit	Mono	2s complement (PCM)	Asynchronous	16		
0D	8 bit	Stereo	2s complement (PCM)	Asynchronous	8		
0E	8 bit	Mono	2s complement (PCM)	Asynchronous	8		
0F	16 bit	Stereo	2s complement (PCM)	Synchronous	11.025		
10	16 bit	Mono	2s complement (PCM)	Synchronous	11.025		
11	8 bit	Stereo	2s complement (PCM)	Synchronous	11.025		
12	8 bit	Mono	2s complement (PCM)	Synchronous	11.025		

Interface #3

Interface #3 is the interrupt data-in interface. Alternative setting #0 is the only possible setting for interface #3. Interface #3 constructs the HID consumer control device and reports the following three key statuses.

- Mute (0xE209)
- Volume up (0xE909)
- Volume down (0xEA09)



End-Points

The PCM2900/2902 has the following four end-points.

- Control end-point (EP #0)
- Isochronous-out audio data stream end-point (EP #2)
- Isochronous-in audio data stream end-point (EP #4)
- HID end-point (EP #5)

The control end-point is a default end-point. The control end-point is used to control all functions of the PCM2900/2902 by the standard USB request and USB audio class specific request from the host. The isochronous-out audio data stream end-point is an audio sink end-point, which receives the PCM audio data. The isochronous-out audio data stream end-point accepts the adaptive transfer mode. The isochronous-in audio data stream end-point is an audio source end-point, which transmits the PCM audio data. The isochronous-in audio data stream end-point uses asynchronous transfer mode. The HID end-point is an interrupt-in end-point. HID end-point reports HID0, HID1, and HID2 pin status every 32 ms.

The human interface device (HID) pins are defined as consumer control devices. The HID function is designed as an independent end-point from both isochronous-in and -out end-points. This means that the result of affection for the HID operation depends on the host software. Typically, the HID function is affected for the primary audio-out device.

Clock and Reset

The PCM2900/2902 requires a 12-MHz (± 500 ppm) clock for the USB and audio function, which can be generated by a built-in crystal oscillator with a 12-MHz crystal resonator. The 12-MHz crystal resonator must be connected to XTI (pin 21) and XTO (pin 20) with one high (1-M Ω) resistor and two small capacitors, the capacitance of which depends on the load capacitance of the crystal resonator. The external clock can be supplied from XTI (pin 21). If the external clock is supplied, XTO (pin 20) must be left open. Because of no clock-disabling signal, it is not recommended to use the external clock supply. SSPND (pin 28) is unable to use clock disabling.

The PCM2900/2902 has an internal power-on reset circuit, which works automatically when V_{BUS} (pin 3) exceeds 2.5 V typical (2.7 V–2.2 V), and about 700 μs is required until internal reset release.

Digital Audio Interface (PCM2902)

The PCM2902 employs both S/PDIF input and output. Isochronous-out data from the host is encoded to the S/PDIF output and the DAC analog output. Input data is selected as either S/PDIF or ADC analog input. When the device detects an S/PDIF input and successfully locks the received data, the isochronous-in transfer data source is automatically selected from S/PDIF itself; otherwise, the data source is selected to ADC analog input.

Supported Input Data (PCM2902)

The following data formats are accepted by the S/PDIF input and output. All other data formats are unable to use S/PDIF.

- 48-kHz 16-bit stereo
- 44.1-kHz 16-bit stereo
- 32-kHz 16-bit stereo

Mismatch between input data format and host command may cause unexpected results except in the following conditions.

- Record monaural format from stereo data input at the same data rate
- Record 8-bit format from 16-bit data input at the same data rate

A combination between the above conditions is not accepted.

For the playback, all possible data rate source is converted to 16-bit stereo format at the same source data rate.

Channel Status Information (PCM2902)

The channel status information is fixed as consumer application, PCM mode, copyright, and digital/digital converter. All other bits are fixed as 0s except for the sample frequency, which is set automatically according to the data received through the USB.



Copyright Management (PCM2902)

Isochronous-in data is affected by the serial copy management system (SCMS). Where receiving digital audio data that is indicated as original data in the control bit, input digital audio data transfers to the host. If the data is indicated as first generation or higher, transferred data is selected to analog input.

Digital audio data output is always encoded as original with SCMS control.

The implementation of this feature is an option for the customer. Note that it is the user's responsibility whether they implement this feature in their product or not.

INTERFACE SEQUENCE

Power On, Attach, and Playback Sequence

The PCM2900/2902 is ready for setup when the reset sequence has finished and the USB bus is attached. After connection has been established by setup, the PCM2900/2902 is ready to accept USB audio data. While waiting, the audio data (idle state) and analog output are set to bipolar zero (BPZ).

When receiving the audio data, the PCM2900/2902 stores the first audio packet, which contained 1-ms audio data, into the internal storage buffer. The PCM2900/2902 starts playing the audio data when detecting the following start of frame (SOF) packet.

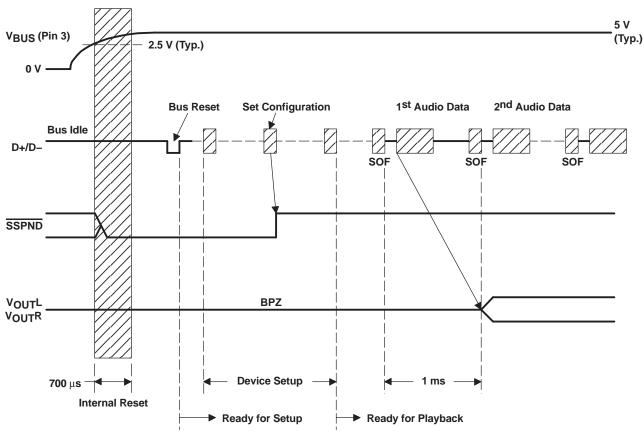


Figure 32. Initial Sequence

Play, Stop, and Detach Sequence

When the host finishes or aborts the playback, the PCM2900/2902 stops playing after the last audio data has played.

Record Sequence

The PCM2900/2902 starts the audio capture into the internal memory after receiving the SET_INTERFACE command.



Suspend and Resume Sequence

The PCM2900/2902 enters the suspend state after it sees a constant idle state on the USB bus, approximately 5 ms. While the PCM2900/2902 enters the suspend state, SSPND flag (pin 28) is asserted. The PCM2900/2902 wakes up immediately when detecting the non-idle state on the USB bus.

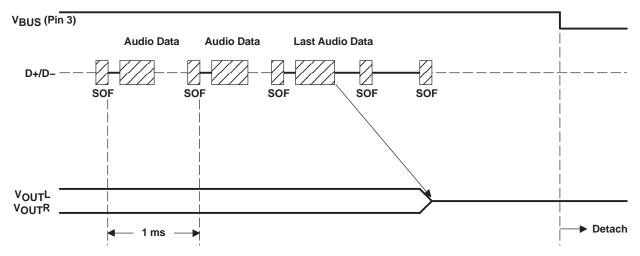


Figure 33. Play, Stop, and Detach

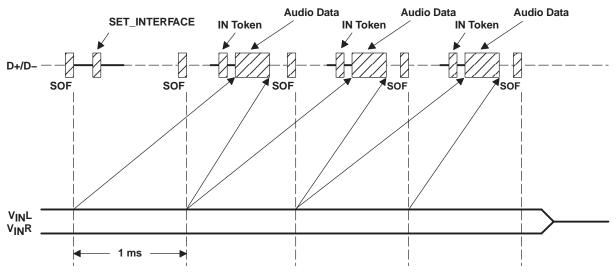


Figure 34. Record Sequence

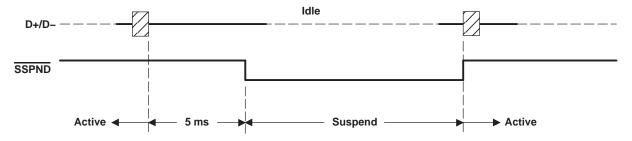
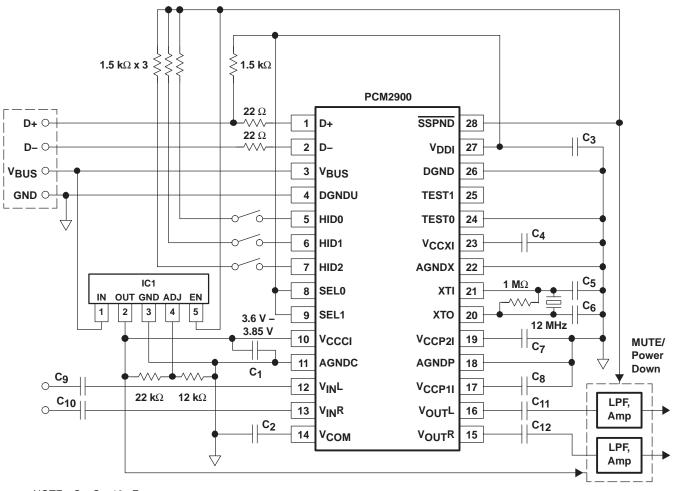


Figure 35. Suspend and Resume



PCM2900 TYPICAL CIRCUIT CONNECTION 1

Figure 36 illustrates a typical circuit connection for a high-performance application. The circuit illustrated is for information only. The whole board design should be considered to meet the USB specification as a USB-compliant product.



NOTE: C₁, C₂: 10 μF

C3, C4, C7, C8: 1 μF (These capacitors must be less than 2 $\mu\text{F})$

C₅, C₆: 10 pF to 33 pF (depending on crystal resonator)

C₉, C₁₀, C₁₁, C₁₂: The capacitance may vary depending on design.

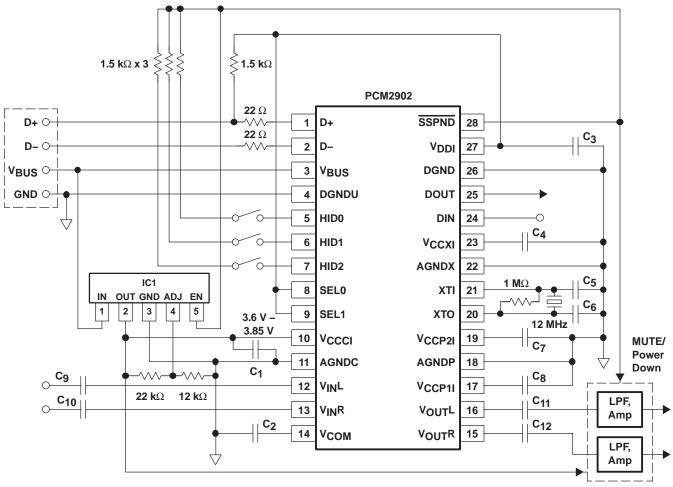
IC1: REG103xA-A (TI) or equivalent. Analog performance may vary depending on IC1.

Figure 36. Bus-Powered Configuration for High-Performance Application



PCM2902 TYPICAL CIRCUIT CONNECTION 1

Figure 37 illustrates a typical circuit connection for a high-performance application. The circuit illustrated is for information only. The whole board design should be considered to meet the USB specification as a USB-compliant product.



NOTE: C₁, C₂: 10 μF

 C_3 , C_4 , C_7 , C_8 : 1 μF (These capacitors must be less than 2 μF)

C₅, C₆: 10 pF to 33 pF (depending on crystal resonator)

C₉, C₁₀, C₁₁, C₁₂: The capacitance may vary depending on design.

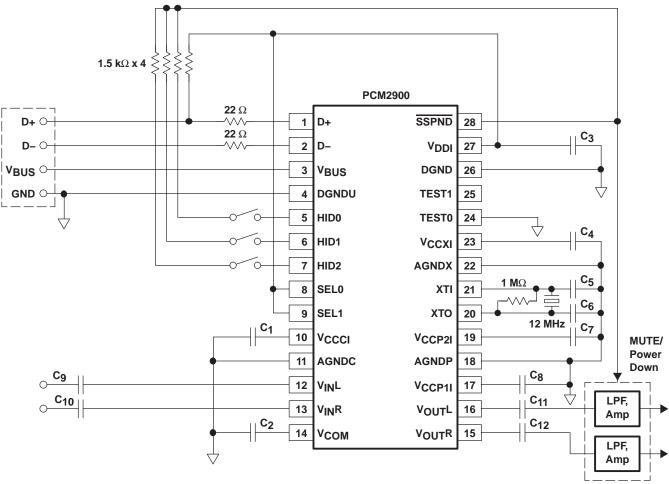
IC1: REG103xA-A (TI) or equivalent. Analog performance may vary depending on IC1.

Figure 37. Bus-Powered Configuration for High-Performance Application



PCM2900 TYPICAL CIRCUIT CONNECTION 2

Figure 38 illustrates a typical circuit connection for a simple application. The circuit illustrated is for information only. The whole board design should be considered to meet the USB specification as a USB-compliant product.



NOTE: C₁, C₂: 10 μF

 C_3 , C_4 , C_7 , C_8 : 1 μF (These capacitors must be less than 2 μF .)

C₅, C₆: 10 pF to 33 pF (depending on crystal resonator)

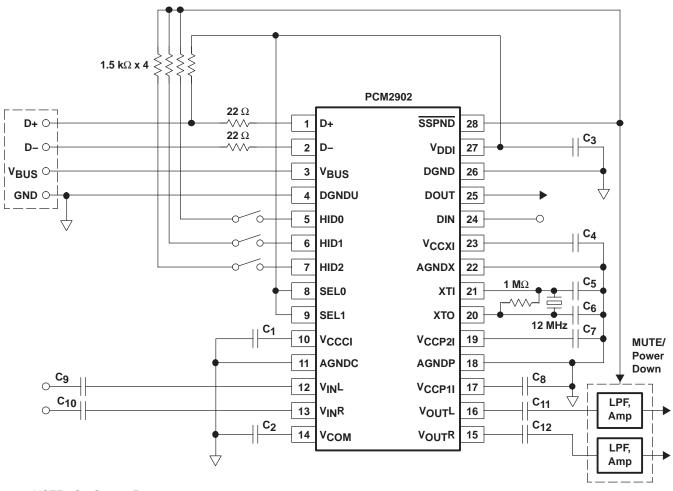
C₉, C₁₀, C₁₁, C₁₂: The capacitance may vary depending on design. In this case analog performance of the A/D converter may degrade.

Figure 38. Bus-Powered Configuration



PCM2902 TYPICAL CIRCUIT CONNECTION 2

Figure 39 illustrates a typical circuit connection for a simple application. The circuit illustrated is for information only. The whole board design should be considered to meet the USB specification as a USB-compliant product.



NOTE: C₁, C₂: 10 μF

 C_3 , C_4 , C_7 , C_8 : 1 μF (These capacitors must be less than 2 μF .)

C₅, C₆: 10 pF to 33 pF (depending on crystal resonator)

C₉, C₁₀, C₁₁, C₁₂: The capacitance may vary depending on design. In this case analog performance of the A/D converter may degrade.

Figure 39. Bus-Powered Configuration



APPLICATION INFORMATION

OPERATING ENVIRONMENT

To get the appropriate operation, one of the following operating systems must be working on the host PC that has the USB port assured by the manufacturer. If the condition is fulfilled, the operation of the PCM2900/2902 does not depend on the operating speed of the CPU.

Texas Instruments has confirmed following operating environments.

- Operating System
 - Microsoft™ Windows™ 98/98SE/Me™ Japanese/English Edition
 - Microsoft Windows 2000 Professional Japanese/English Edition
 - Microsoft Windows XP™ Home/Professional Japanese/English Edition (For Windows™ XP, use the latest version of the USB audio driver that is available on Windows update site)
 - Apple™ Computer Mac™ OS 9.1 or later Japanese/English Edition
 - Apple Computer Mac OS™ X 10.0 or later English Edition
 - Apple Computer Mac OS X 10.1 or later Japanese Edition (For Mac OS X 10.0 Japanese Edition, plug and play does not work for USB audio device appropriately)
- PC: Following PC-AT compatible computers for above OS (OS requirement must be met)
 - Motherboard using Intel[™] 440BX or ZX chipset (using USB controller in the chipset)
 - Motherboard using Intel i810 chipset (using USB controller in the chipset)
 - Motherboard using Intel i815 chipset (using USB controller in the chipset)
 - Motherboard using Intel i820 chipset (using USB controller in the chipset)
 - Motherboard using Intel i845 chipset (using USB controller in the chipset)
 - Motherboard using Intel i850 chipset (using USB controller in the chipset)
 - Motherboard using Apollo KT133 chipset (using USB controller in the chipset)
 - Motherboard using Apollo Pro plus chipset (using USB controller in the chipset)
 - Motherboard using MVP4 or MVP3 chipset (using USB controller in the chipset)
 - Motherboard using Aladdin V chipset (using USB controller in the chipset)
 - Motherboard using SiS530 or SiS559 chipset (using USB controller in the chipset)
 - Motherboard using SiS735 chipset (using USB controller in the chipset)

NOTE: The OSs and PCs for which the operation of the PCM2900/2902 was confirmed are listed above. The PCM2900/2902 may also work with other OSs and PCs that have not been tested. Furthermore, there is no assurance that the PCM2900/2902 will work with every PC having a compatible chipset, because other design factors of the motherboard may also cause incompatibility.

The PCM2900/2902 has been acknowledged in the USB compliance test. However, the acknowledgement is just for the PCM2900/2902 from Texas Instruments. Be careful that the acknowledgement is not for the customer's USB system using the PCM2900/2902.





i.com 12-Jan-2006

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status ⁽¹⁾	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	e Eco Plan ⁽²⁾	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp ⁽³⁾
PCM2900E	ACTIVE	SSOP	DB	28	47	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
PCM2900E/2K	ACTIVE	SSOP	DB	28	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
PCM2900E/2KG4	ACTIVE	SSOP	DB	28	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
PCM2900EG4	ACTIVE	SSOP	DB	28	47	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
PCM2902E	ACTIVE	SSOP	DB	28	47	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
PCM2902E/2K	ACTIVE	SSOP	DB	28	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
PCM2902E/2KG4	ACTIVE	SSOP	DB	28	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
PCM2902EG4	ACTIVE	SSOP	DB	28	47	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM

⁽¹⁾ The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

Important Information and Disclaimer: The information provided on this page represents TI's knowledge and belief as of the date that it is provided. TI bases its knowledge and belief on information provided by third parties, and makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy of such information. Efforts are underway to better integrate information from third parties. TI has taken and continues to take reasonable steps to provide representative and accurate information but may not have conducted destructive testing or chemical analysis on incoming materials and chemicals. TI and TI suppliers consider certain information to be proprietary, and thus CAS numbers and other limited information may not be available for release.

In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

DB (R-PDSO-G**)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE

28 PINS SHOWN



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion not to exceed 0,15.

D. Falls within JEDEC MO-150

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Texas Instruments Incorporated and its subsidiaries (TI) reserve the right to make corrections, modifications, enhancements, improvements, and other changes to its products and services at any time and to discontinue any product or service without notice. Customers should obtain the latest relevant information before placing orders and should verify that such information is current and complete. All products are sold subject to TI's terms and conditions of sale supplied at the time of order acknowledgment.

TI warrants performance of its hardware products to the specifications applicable at the time of sale in accordance with TI's standard warranty. Testing and other quality control techniques are used to the extent TI deems necessary to support this warranty. Except where mandated by government requirements, testing of all parameters of each product is not necessarily performed.

TI assumes no liability for applications assistance or customer product design. Customers are responsible for their products and applications using TI components. To minimize the risks associated with customer products and applications, customers should provide adequate design and operating safeguards.

TI does not warrant or represent that any license, either express or implied, is granted under any TI patent right, copyright, mask work right, or other TI intellectual property right relating to any combination, machine, or process in which TI products or services are used. Information published by TI regarding third-party products or services does not constitute a license from TI to use such products or services or a warranty or endorsement thereof. Use of such information may require a license from a third party under the patents or other intellectual property of the third party, or a license from TI under the patents or other intellectual property of TI.

Reproduction of information in TI data books or data sheets is permissible only if reproduction is without alteration and is accompanied by all associated warranties, conditions, limitations, and notices. Reproduction of this information with alteration is an unfair and deceptive business practice. TI is not responsible or liable for such altered documentation.

Resale of TI products or services with statements different from or beyond the parameters stated by TI for that product or service voids all express and any implied warranties for the associated TI product or service and is an unfair and deceptive business practice. TI is not responsible or liable for any such statements.

Following are URLs where you can obtain information on other Texas Instruments products and application solutions:

Products		Applications	
Amplifiers	amplifier.ti.com	Audio	www.ti.com/audio
Data Converters	dataconverter.ti.com	Automotive	www.ti.com/automotive
DSP	dsp.ti.com	Broadband	www.ti.com/broadband
Interface	interface.ti.com	Digital Control	www.ti.com/digitalcontrol
Logic	logic.ti.com	Military	www.ti.com/military
Power Mgmt	power.ti.com	Optical Networking	www.ti.com/opticalnetwork
Microcontrollers	microcontroller.ti.com	Security	www.ti.com/security
		Telephony	www.ti.com/telephony
		Video & Imaging	www.ti.com/video
		Wireless	www.ti.com/wireless

Mailing Address: Texas Instruments

Post Office Box 655303 Dallas, Texas 75265

Copyright © 2006, Texas Instruments Incorporated